# **Basics of Interfacing**

Department of Electronics & Communication Enginmeering University Institute of Engineering & Technology C S J M University, Kanpur

## Er. Anand Kumar Gupta

**Peripheral Interface Ics** 

- 8251- Universal Synchronous Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter IC
- ► 8253- Programmable Interval Timer IC
- ► 8255- Programmable Peripheral Interface IC
- 8257- Direct Memory Access IC
- 8259- Programmable Interrupt Controller IC
- ▶ 8279- Programmable Keyboard Display IC

#### **Programmable Peripheral Interface(PPI)**

Programmable Peripheral Interface IC (PPI) is designed to increase the input and output interfacing capacity of microprocessor.

## **Features**

- > It is a 40 pin IC.
- > It contains three ports –

Port A

Port B

Port C

- > The capacity of each port is an 8-bits.
- > Port C is divided in to two ports i.e. port c upper and port c lower each of 4-bits.

## **Programing of PPI**

8255 is a Programmable device which can be programmed in different modes by writing 8-bit control word in control register.



If  $D7 = 0 \Rightarrow BSR$  Mode If  $D7 = 1 \Rightarrow I/O$  Mode

#### **BSR MODE** - Bit Set Reset Mode

In BSR Mode any line of Port C(Out of 8 lines) can be set or reset.



Example – To send Logic 1 on Pc<sub>2</sub> line.

BSR control Word will be



Control Word (CW) = 05 H

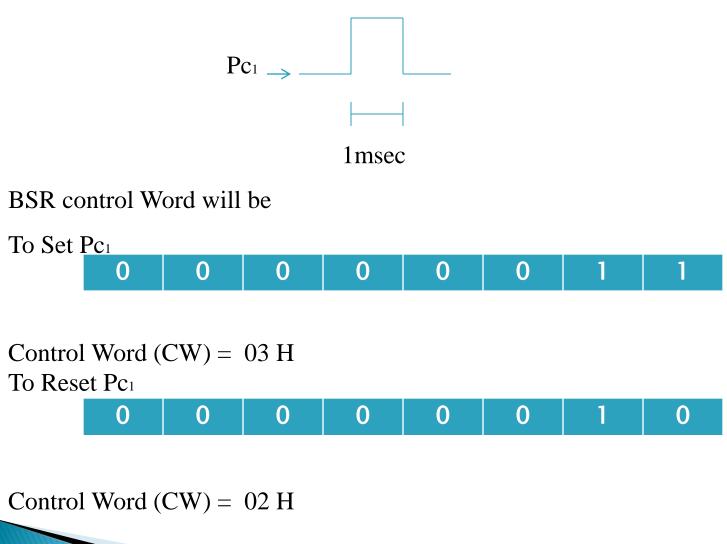
**Instructions are –** 

MVI A, 05 H

OUT CR

By using above two instructions the logic 1 signal will be send on  $Pc_2$  Pin of 8255.

Example – To generate a pulse of duration 1 msec on Pc1 line of 8255.



#### **Program for pulse of duration 1 msec**

LXI SP, XXXX H MVI A, 03 H OUT CR CALL DELAY ; Delay of 1 msec MVI A, 02 H OUT CR HLT