



How to Identify Research Interest

-Dr. Adarsh Kumar Srivastav (PT)

MPT (Neuro), (Ph.D. Physiotherapy)

Assistant Professor (Neurology)

School of Health Sciences

Chhatrapati Shahu Ji Maharaj University, Kanpur



- Research- Scares a lot of people
- State of mind-a friendly
- Problem solving mind
- Tomorrow mind instead of the Yesterday mind
- Begin with an intellectual itch, needs scratching

- 3 important characteristics
 - Research challenges
 - Creative
 - Systematic

Need to know before start writing

- F-easible
- I-nteresting
- N-ovel
- E-thical
- R-elevant
- Time

What to include in Research Proposal

- Title
- Introduction
- Literature Review
- Importance of the Study
- Objectives
- Study Design
- Identify the Population
- Describe the Setting

- Outcomes
- Data Collection Plan
- Data Analysis
- Study Limitations
- Ethical Considerations
- References

Aims and Objectives

- Base for the research
- Summarize in general terms
- Close to the statement of the problem
- Clear what the author is going to do and for what purpose

Cont:

- 1-3 sentences and concise
- ***Example:*** *The present study aims at evaluating the effect of mobilization in patients with knee Osteoarthritis.*
- *The present study was conducted to study the prevalence of knee pain in patients with grade 2 knee osteoarthritis.*

Formulating the Objectives

- Must fit into the problem statement
- Two common errors-
 - First, vaguely stated
 - Second, not presented according to priority
- Must contain-
 - What is to be achieved by the study
 - Obtaining answers to research questions/ testing hypothesis

- S-pecific
- M-easureable
- A-chievable
- R-ealistic
- T-ime

- **Aim=** what you hope to achieve
- **Example:** *To investigate the relationship between gait parameters and pain among patients with Knee OA*
- **Objective=** the action you will take in order to achieve the aim
- **Example:** *Data of pain and gait parameters will be extracted from different grades of knee OA patients*
- *Data will be analyzed to establish the correlation between gait parameters, pain and grades of knee OA.*

Methodology/ Material and Methods

- Study Design
- Study Locations
- Study Settings
- Study Participants
- Sampling
- Selection criteria
 - Inclusion criteria
 - Exclusion criteria
- Outcome measures
- Procedures

Methodology/ Material and Methods

- Study Design-
 - Objectives
 - Therapeutic area
 - Treatment comparison
 - Outcome
 - Phase of the trial

- Cross sectional study
- Case control study
- Cohort study
- Interventional study

- Sampling
 - Probability Sampling
 - Non-Probability Sampling

| Probability Sampling | Non-Probability Sampling |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Simple Random Sampling | Convenience Sampling |
| Stratified Sampling | Purposive Sampling |
| Systematic Sampling | Quota Sampling |
| Cluster Sampling | Snowball Sampling |
| Multistage Sampling | |

THANK YOU