

# **Blood Coagulation**

#### Intrinsic PW

- formation of high-molecular-weight kininogen (HMWK)
- Prekallikrein,
- And FXII (Hageman factor)

# Granules of blood plasma

- ADP
- Serotonin
- Platelet activating factor



- Thrombin is generated by activated platelets at the initiation of the platelet plug.
- Which in turn promotes more platelet activation.



### **Cell-based scheme of coagulation**

- Cellular and biochemical events that occur during the coagulation process
- The initiation phase, mediated by the tissue factor exposure
- The classic extrinsic pathway and contributes to about 5% of thrombin production



## Initiation PW

- The amplified production of thrombin
- Classic intrinsic pathway in the propagation phase;
- About 95% of thrombin generated will be during this second phase



#### Cofactors

#### Calcium and phospholipids

#### • Vitamin K



#### Regulators

#### • Protein C

#### Antithrombin

### Tissue factor pathway inhibitor (TFPI)

- Plasmin
- Prostacyclin
- Fibrinolysis



## **Role in disease**

Coagulation factor disorders

#### • Platelet disorders

Source: <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Coagulation">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Coagulation</a>

