## $\cdot$ C H A P T E R $\cdot$ 18

## **UREA CYCLE**

•

## **UREA CYCLE**

**Function:** To provide a route to dispose of the amino groups from amino acids during their metabolism.

**Location:** Liver, kidney

**Connections:** *From* amino groups of amino acids through glutamate and glutamate dehydrogenase

From amino groups of amino acids through aspartate and argininosuccinate synthase

From ammonia through carbamoyl phosphate synthetase To urea

**Regulation:** Primarily by availability of amino groups and ammonia **Equation:** 

$$NH_4^+ + CO_2 + Asp + 2ATP \longrightarrow NH_2C(=O)NH_2 + fumarate + 2ADP + 2P_i$$

$$\begin{array}{l} Glu + NAD^{+} + CO_{2} + Asp + 2ATP {\longrightarrow} \\ NH_{2}C({\Longrightarrow}O)NH_{2} + \alpha \text{-ketoglutarate} + fumarate + 2ADP + 2P_{i} \end{array}$$

(See Fig. 18-1.)

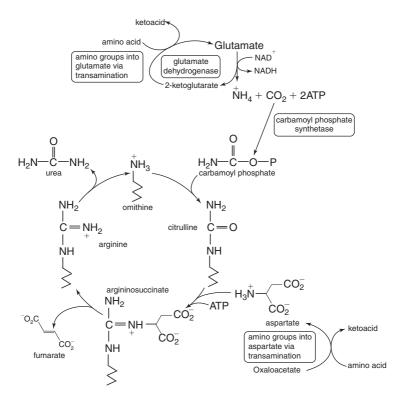


Figure 18-1 The Urea Cycle