

BP 605 T. Pharmaceutical Biotechnology (Theory)

Basic Principles of Genetic Engineering

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Overview

What genetic engineering is

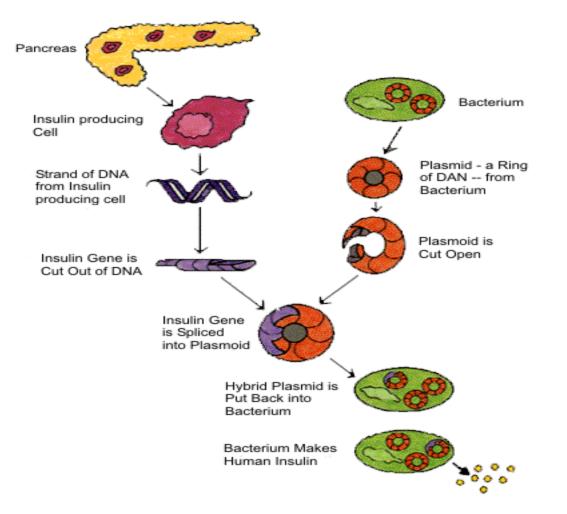
Genetic Engineering process

Genetic Engineering and Applications



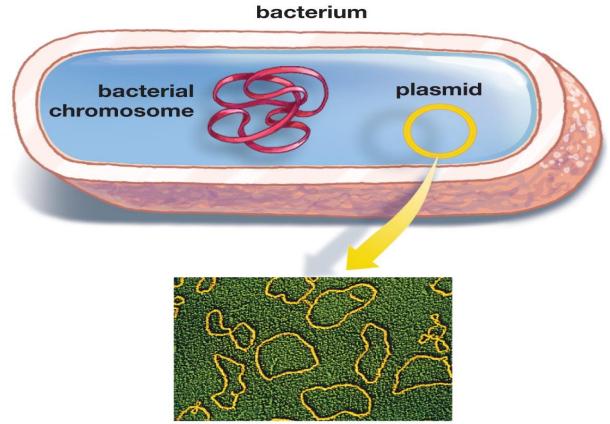
Genetic Engineering

- DNA from one species is inserted into another species.
- Ex. Human Insulin for diabetics is now made by bacteria cells!





Wait, what is a plasmid?

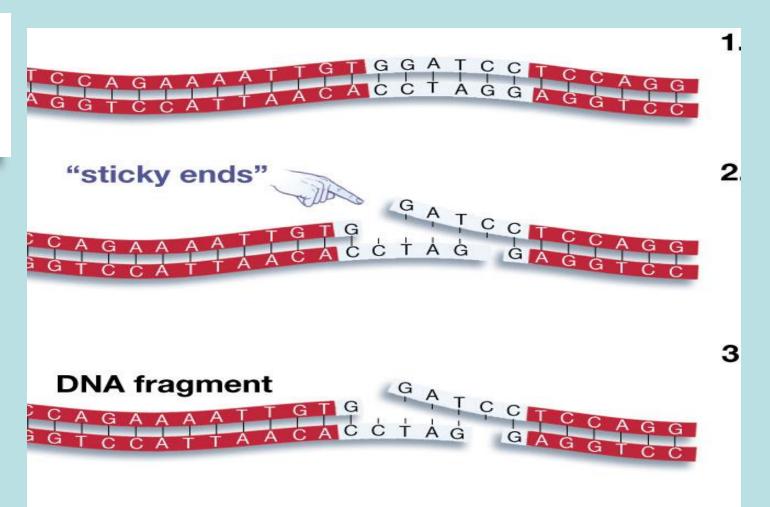


A **plasmid** is a small, circular piece of DNA that not only is separate from the chromosome, but can also replicate independently.

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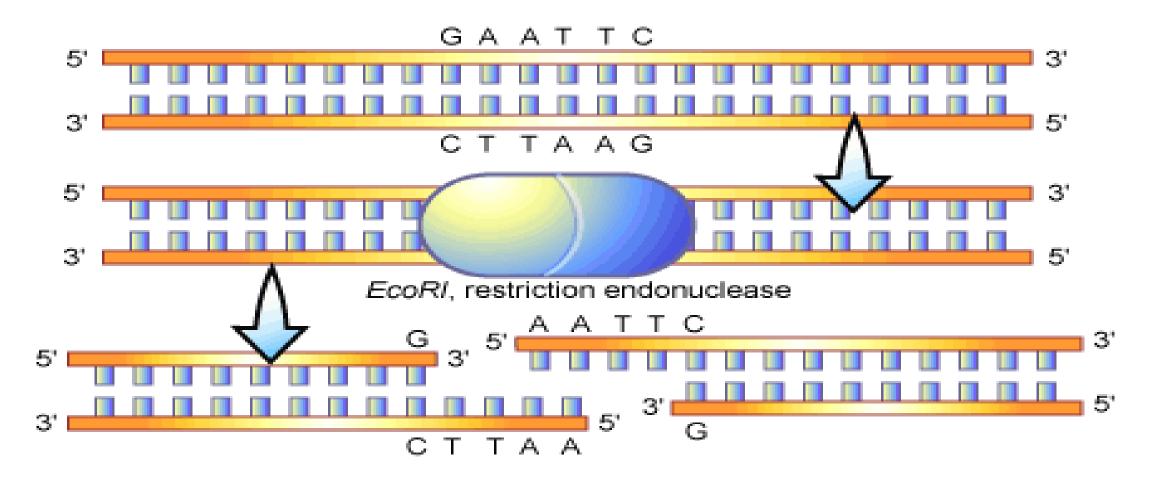
 How do they cut the gene of interest out of the genome?



Restriction Enzymes!!

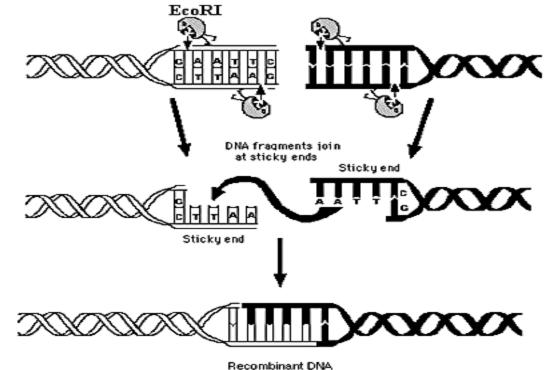


Restriction enzymes cut DNA at specifc sequences in the genome





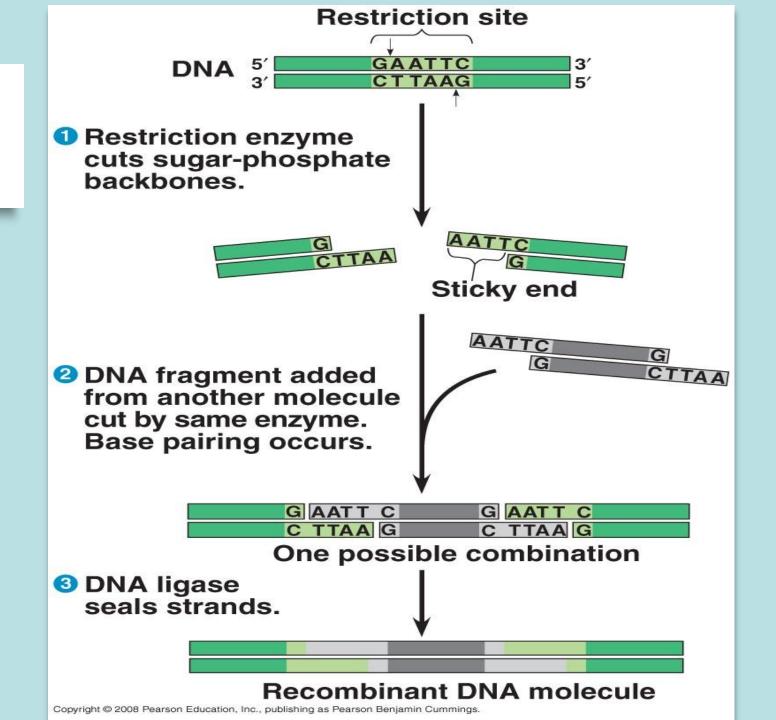
Recombinant DNA Two pieces of DNA cut with the same restriction enzyme will be able to recombine with each other.



Restriction Enzyme Action of EcoRI



How does a fragment then get spliced in?





Insulin

The pancreas, among other functions, produces a crucial hormone called **insulin**.

- This *peptide* hormone (protein) ensures that glucose is taken up by the cells for cellular respiration.
- If the pancreas is defective then the blood sugar levels get dangerously high causing many physiological effects (Diabetes mellitus).
- Using very similar technique as HGH production previously mentioned, scientists were able to use E. coli to bioengineer synthetic insulin in 1977.
- Other transgenic organisms used to produce insulin today are yeast (*Saccharomyces cerevisiae*) and a plant called safflower (*Carthamus tinctorius*).





Plants

- 1) Examples of transgenic plants with resistance to viruses... potatoes, tomatoes, tobacco
- 2) Examples of transgenic plants with resistance to insects... corn, cotton
- 3) resistance to herbicides
- 4) slow down spoilage in tomatoes
- 5) Extreme example strawberries that are resistant to drought, salt, insects, viruses, cold and frost, and improved taste



Golden Rice



The World Heath Organization estimates that between 1 and 2 million children die each year from vitamin A deficiency.

- Golden rice is a genetically modified food that is fortified with beta carotene, which the human body converts into vitamin A.
- This transgenic organism is the result of mixing genes from a bacterium and from daffodils into the rice genome.
- It is not currently used due to regulatory issues.
 - Do you think we should be able to use it?



Animals

- Bacteria now produce all of the following...
- Human growth hormone (HGH) (replaced cadaver produced HGH.
- Human insulin (replaced cow and pig insulin for human therapy)
- Follicle-stimulating hormone (replaced FSH isolated from menopausal female urine)
- Factor VIII (replaced clotting factors taken from human blood.)



Polymerase Chain Reaction

 PCR – Multiplies a (1)sample of DNA many times in the laboratory using (3) heating and cooling. in genetic³ Useful (4)testing.



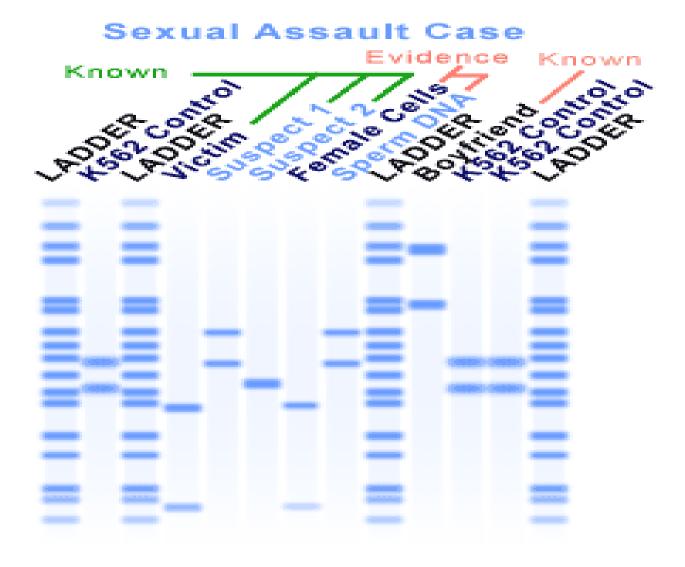
DNA Fingerprinting

Gel Electrophoresis

separates pieces of DNA based on size

(after being cut up with restriction enzymes)

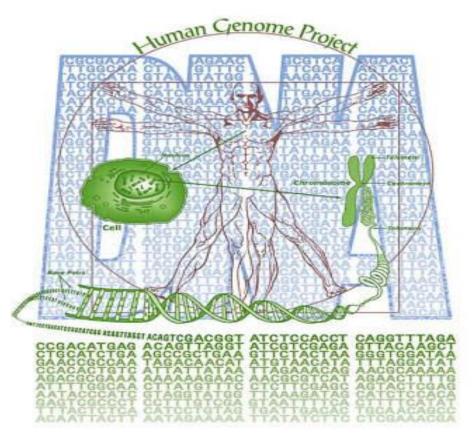
Different people will have different banding patterns. Related individuals will have similar patterns.





Human Genome Project

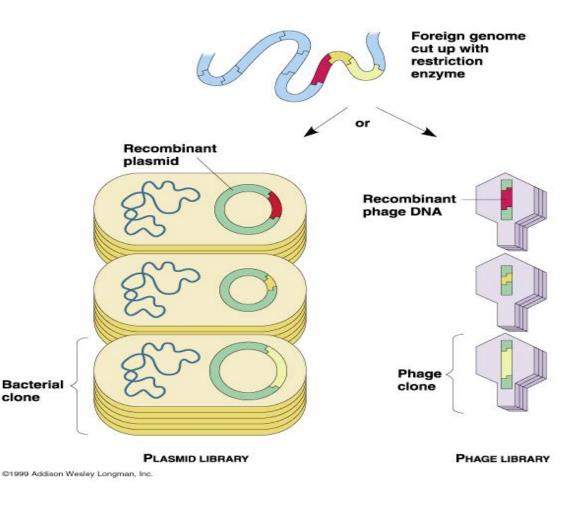
- Started 1988, finished 2001, the entire sequence of bases in human DNA is now known.
- This multi-national effort has led to increased knowledge of ...
 - Human genetic diseases
 - Gene therapies
 - Evolutionary relationships
 - Cellular functions
 - Cancer genes





Gene Libraries

- Human genes (and other genes of interest) can be stored inside bacteria cells and viruses which can be saved and grown for use in research.
- This may also preserve the genes of endangered or extinct species.





Pharmaceutical Biotechnology

Concepts and Applications

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For Query

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