DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERINGAND TECHNOLOGY, CSJM UNIVERSITY, KANPUR

Industrial Management & Production System (MEE-S403)

Semester: 2022-23 (Odd Semester)

Som opton Enomination

Time: 1.5 h

Mid Semester Examination

Maximum marks: 30

Year: 4rd Year (2K18)

All questions are compulsory

Section A

9 marks (9 questions of 1 mark each)

- 1. In the simplex method, the slack, surplus and artificial variables are restricted to be
 - (a) multiplied (b) negative
 - (c) none-negative (d) divided
- 2. In simplex method basic solution set as n-m, all the variables other than basic are classified as
 - (a) constant variable (b) non positive variables
 - (c) basic variables (d) none basic variable

3. In simplex method, the feasible basic solution must satisfy the

- (a) non-negativity constraint (b) negativity constraint
- (c) basic constraint (d) common constraint

4. The third requirement of simplex method is that all the variables are restricted to include

- (a) negative even values (b) odd values
- (c) even values (d) non-negative values

5. According to algebra of simplex method, the slack variables are assigned zero coefficients because

- (a) no contribution in objective function
- (b) high contribution in objective function
- (c) divisor contribution in objective function
- (d) base contribution in objective function
- 6. What is degeneracy in simplex method?
- 7. What is Linear programing problem?
- 8. Differentiate between basic variable and non-basic variable in simplex method.
- 9. What do you understand by feasible and non-feasible region in simplex problem?

Section B

9 marks (3 questions of 3 marks each)

1. Minimize $z = 4x_1 + x_2$

Subject to $3x_1 + x_2 = 3$ $4x_1 + 3x_2 \ge 6$ $x_1 + 2x_2 \le 4$ $x_1 \ge 0, x_2 \ge 0$ Solve this LPP using Big M-method

2. What is transportation problem and explain Northwest corner method using suitable example.

3. What is Economic order quantity?

Section C

12 marks (2 questions of 6 marks each, Each question can have parts)

1. Maximise $50x_1 + 60x_2$ Subjected to: $2x_1 + x_2 \le 300$ $3x_1 + 4x_2 \le 509$ $4x_1 + 7x_2 \le 812$ $x_1 \ge 0, x_2 \ge 0$ Solve this LPP using simplex method 2. Minimize $z = 4x_1 + x_2$ Subject to $3x_1 + x_2 = 3$ $4x_1 + 3x_2 \ge 6$ $x_1 + 2x_2 \le 4$ $x_1 \ge 0, x_2 \ge 0$ Solve this LPP using Graphical method