## Roll No:

10 marks ( 10 questions of 1 mark each)

1. If top view of point lie below reference line then point lie in $\qquad$ (first and third quad, second and third quad, third and fourth quad).
2. If line $A B$ is lie in V.P. then top view is $\qquad$ (parallel to reference line/ lie in reference line/ a point)
3. If line AB is 20 mm is parallel to VP and inclined $30^{\circ}$ to HP then front view length is $\qquad$ _.
4. Draw the centre line.
5. If line is parallel to profile plane the top view is $\qquad$ (parallel to Reference line/ perpendicular to Reference line/point)
6. If line is parallel to V.P the front view length is equal to $\qquad$ (true length/longer then true length/shorter than true length)
7. What do you mean by orthographic projection?

Ans
8. Draw the hidden line.
9. Scale $2: 1$ means:
10. What is isometric scale.

## DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERINGAND TECHNOLOGY, CSJM UNIVERSITY, KANPUR

Engineering Drawing (TCA-S101)
Semester: 2022-23 (Odd Semester)

## Year: $\mathbf{1}^{\text {st }}$ Year (2K22)

## End Semester Examination

Time: 3 h
Maximum marks: 50
All questions are compulsory

## Section B

## 20 marks (5 questions of 4 marks each)

1. A line $A B, 50 \mathrm{~mm}$ long, is inclined at $45^{\circ}$ to the H.P. and $30^{\circ}$ to the V.P. Its end $B$ is in the V.P. and 20 mm above H.P. Draw its projections.
2. A line $A B, 50 \mathrm{~mm}$ long, has its end $A$ in both the H.P. and the V.P. It is inclined at $60^{\circ}$ to the H.P. and at $30^{\circ}$ to the V.P. Draw its projections.
3. A line PQ 100 mm long, is inclined at $60^{\circ}$ to the H.P. and at $30^{\circ}$ to the V.P. Its mid point is in the V.P. and 20 mm above the H.P. Draw its projections.
4. Draw isometric view of cube of side 25 mm .
5. Draw isometric view of cylinder of radius 2.5 cm and height 7 cm .

## $\underline{\text { Section C }}$

20 marks (2 questions of 10 marks each,)

1. A line $A B, 90 \mathrm{~mm}$ long, is inclined at $60^{\circ}$ to the H.P. Its end $A$ is 10 mm above the H.P. and 20 mm in front of the V.P. Its front view measures 65 mm . Draw the top view of AB and determine its inclination with the V.P.
2. A 70 mm long line $P Q$ has its end $P 20 \mathrm{~mm}$ above the H.P. and 40 mm in front of the V.P. The other end $Q$ is 60 mm above the H.P. and 10 mm infront of the V.P. Draw the projection of $P Q$ and determine its inclination with the reference planes.
