

27/9/22

Lecture-29

Q. \mathbb{D}_8 $n=20$ $(U(20), \cdot) = G$ Find Factor group

$$U(20) = \{1, 3, 7, 9, 11, 13, 17, 19\}$$

$$U(20) = \phi(20) = \phi(2^2 \cdot 5)$$

$$= (2^2 - 2) \cdot 4$$

$$\phi(20) = 8$$

$$\text{let } H = \{1, 3, 7, 9\}$$

$$O(H) / O(G)$$

$H < G$ & $(U(20), \cdot)$ is an abelian gp

$$\Rightarrow H \triangleleft G$$

$$G/H$$

left cosets of H in G

$$g=1, 1H = H$$

$$g=3, 3H = H$$

$$g=7, 7H = H$$

$$g=9, 9H = H$$

$$g=11, 11H = \{11, 13, 17, 19\}$$

$$g=13, 13H = \{13, 19, 11, 17\} = 11H$$

$$g=17, 17H = \{17, 11, 19, 13\} = 11H$$

$$g=19, 19H = \{19, 17, 13, 11\} = 11H$$

$$G/H = \{H, 11H\}$$

Ans

$$\star O(G/H) = 2$$

$\star G/H$ is isomorphic to Z_2

Properties of Cosets

H is a subgroup of G & $a, b \in G$

① $a \in aH$

let $e \in H$ is identity

$$a = a \cdot e \in aH$$

$$\Rightarrow a \in aH$$

— Proved

or

② $a \in a^{-1}aH$

$$a = e \cdot a \in a^{-1}aH$$

$$\Rightarrow a \in a^{-1}aH$$

③ $aH = H$ iff $a \in H$

let $aH = H$ TPT $\rightarrow a \in H$

$$\Rightarrow aH \subseteq H \text{ \& } H \subseteq aH$$

Since $a \cdot e \in aH = H$

$$\Rightarrow a \in aH = H$$

$$\Rightarrow a \in H$$

let $a \in H$ TPT $\rightarrow aH = H$

let $x \in aH$

$$\Rightarrow x = ah \quad h \in H$$

Now $a \in H$ and $h \in H$

$$\Rightarrow ah \in H$$

$$x = ah \in H$$

$$\Rightarrow aH \subseteq H \quad \text{— ①}$$

Now, let $x \in H$ and
 $a \in H, b \in H$

$$\Rightarrow ab \in H$$

$$\Rightarrow x \in aH$$

$$\Rightarrow H \subseteq aH \quad \text{--- ②}$$

from eq ① & ②, we get \rightarrow

$$aH = H$$

Therefore, $aH = H$ iff $a \in H$

Proved