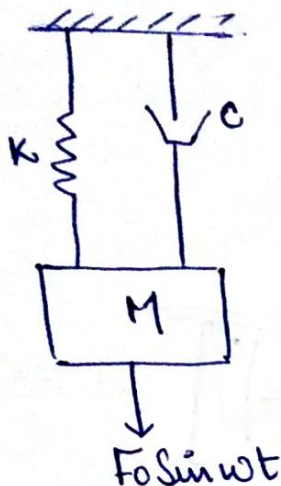


Forced Vibration -

⇒



EOM:

$$m\ddot{x} + kx + c\dot{x} = F_0 \sin \omega t$$

$x(t) = \text{complementary sol}^n + \text{steady state sol}^n$

$$x(t) = x_c(t) + x_{ss}(t)$$

$$x_c(t) \rightarrow 0 \text{ as } t \rightarrow \infty$$

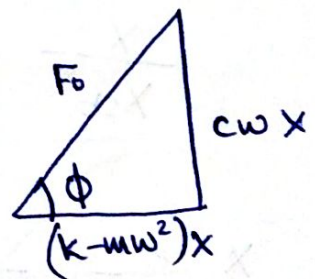
$$x_{ss}(t) = X \sin(\omega t - \phi)$$

↙ amplitude
↘ phase angle
↘ Excitation frequency

$$X = \frac{F_0}{\sqrt{(k - m\omega^2)^2 + (c\omega)^2}} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

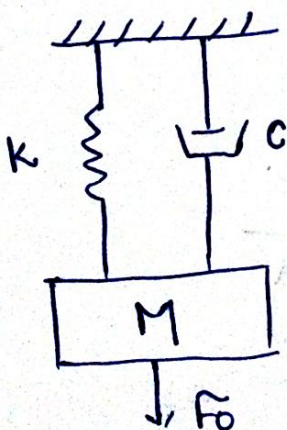
$$\tan \phi = \frac{p}{b} = \frac{c\omega X}{(k - m\omega^2)X}$$

$$\tan \phi = \frac{c\omega}{k - m\omega^2}$$



$$\Rightarrow F_0^2 = (c\omega X)^2 + [(k - m\omega^2)X]^2$$

⇒

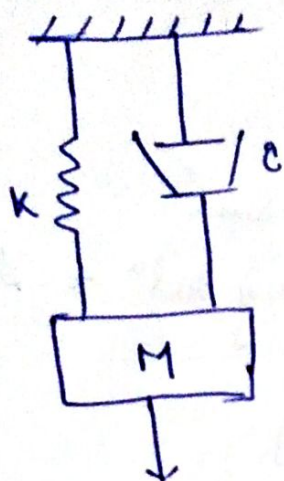


~~$$m\ddot{x} + c\dot{x} + kx = F_0$$~~

$$x_{st} = \frac{F_0}{k}$$

↘ Static state deflection

⇒



Magnification factor -

$$MF = \frac{X}{X_{st}}$$

from eqn ① -

$$X = \frac{F_0}{\sqrt{\left[\left(1 - \frac{\omega^2}{k/m} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{c\omega}{k} \right)^2 \right]}}$$

$$X = \frac{\left(\frac{F_0}{k} \right) \rightarrow X_{st}}{\sqrt{\left(1 - \frac{\omega^2}{k/m} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{c\omega}{k} \right)^2}}$$

$$= X_{st}$$

$$\frac{X}{X_{st}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\left(1 - \frac{\omega^2}{k/m} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{c\omega}{k} \right)^2}}$$

$$\frac{X}{X_{st}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\left[1 - \frac{\omega^2}{\omega_n^2} \right]^2 + \left(2\zeta \frac{\omega}{\omega_n} \right)^2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{c\omega}{k} \times \frac{c}{k} \\ &= \zeta \cdot \frac{\omega}{k/m} \cdot 2\omega_n \\ &= 2\zeta \cdot \frac{\omega}{\omega_n} \end{aligned}$$

$$MF = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(1-r^2)^2 + (2\zeta r)^2}}$$

where,

$$\text{frequency ratio 'r'} = \frac{\omega_f}{\omega_n}$$

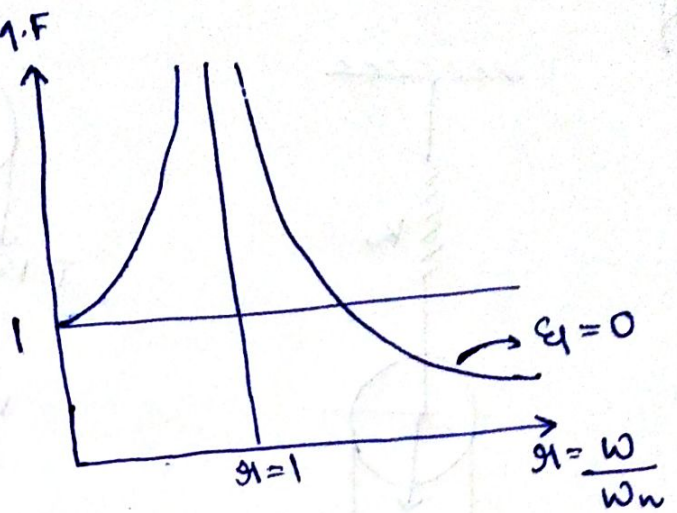
Graph -

M.F $\sqrt{s}$ η

Case-1

Let $\xi = 0$

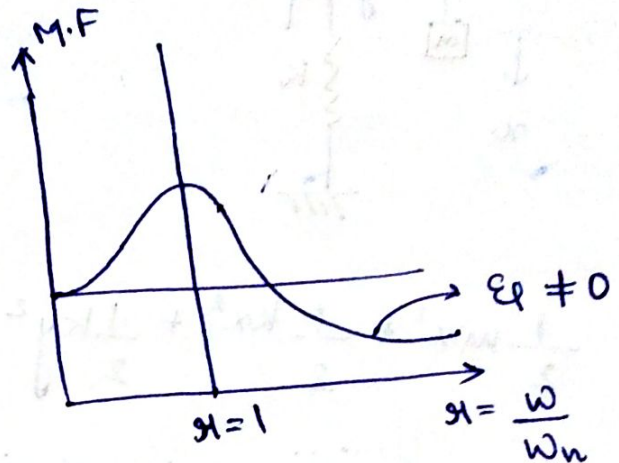
$$M.F = \frac{1}{|1 - \eta^2|}$$



Case-2

Let $\xi \neq 0$

$$M.F = \frac{1}{2\xi\eta} \sqrt{1 - \eta^2 + \eta^2}$$



ϕ $\sqrt{s}$ η

Case-1

$$\tan \phi = \frac{c\omega}{k - m\omega^2}$$

$$= \frac{2\xi\eta}{1 - \eta^2}$$

